Profile of Student Teaching Performance:

Reference Guide

for Observing and Assessing Student Teachers

> Music PK-12 Licensure



Education Department Eastern Mennonite University 1200 Park Road Harrisonburg, VA 22802-2462 *Telephone:* 540-432-4142 *FAX:* 540-432-4444 *E-mail: education@emu.edu*

REVISED JUNE 2016

BY

PAM BAILEY, MARY BALDWIN COLLEGE GEOFF ESTES, HARRISONBURG CITY SCHOOLS KYLE SCHULTZ, JAMES MADISON UNIVERSITY

Culturally Responsive Practice Indicator Questions Revised June 2024

Cory Blanton, Rockingham County Public Schools Sharon Blatz, James Madison University Jennie Carr. Bridgewater College Hilary Campbell, James Madison University Alison Cornish, Waynesboro City Public Schools Jennifer Hackley, Mary Baldwin University Dara Hall, James Madison University Jessica Lewellen, James Madison University Ronald Shultz, Eastern Mennonite University Susan Sites, James Madison University Emily Stewart, James Madison University 2023-24 Clinical Faculty Refresher Workshop Participants

A. PROFESSIONAL KNOWLEDGE The student teacher...

DN= Does Not Meet Expectations, DE=Developing Towards Expectations, ME=Meets Expectations (TARGET), EE=Exceeds Expectations

mapoord	
	A1. DEMONSTRATES AN UNDERSTANDING OF APPROPRIATE CONTENT STANDARDS (SOL/PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS). InTASC 4n
DN	inaccurately and inconsistently references the appropriate content standards.
DE	references appropriate content standards in daily plans;
ME	AND explicitly references and clearly aligns appropriate content standards with planned activities and assessments;
EE	AND clearly demonstrates and explains the appropriate sequencing of the content standards.

Questions for Reflection:

- 1. Do plans indicate appropriate standards for each student outcome (VA Music SOL, district curriculum guide identifiers or National Core Arts Standards)?
- 2. Do planning and instruction cover a comprehensive range of musical understandings and skills such as those found in the national standards?
- 3. Are the standards appropriate for this level? Can the student teacher explain where the standard fits in the sequence of content standards?
- 4. Do planning and instruction demonstrate a commitment to the art of music?

	A2. DEMONSTRATES ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS OF SUBJECT AREA. InTASC 4a, 4l, 7g
DN	inaccurately presents key subject matter ideas and skills.
DE	demonstrates accurate knowledge and skills of subject area;
ME	ANDuses representation and/or an explanation that captures key subject matter ideas and skills;
EE	ANDuses multiple representations and explanations that capture key subject matter ideas and skills.

Questions for Reflection:

- 1. Does the student teacher accurately analyze the music being taught and identify the key terms, understandings and musical skills the students need to master? Are likely problems identified?
- 2. Are key concepts (e.g. syncopation), skills (e.g. beat competence) or rehearsal themes (e.g. blend) identified in the plan?
- 3. Are these concepts, skills or themes used to help unify the lesson?
- 4. Can the student teacher create new examples for further clarification?
- 5. Are the same examples used over and over when students need more clarity?
- 6. Are the examples appropriate for the age level and populations?
- 7. Do the examples represent different modalities?
- 8. Does the student teacher make effective use of explanation, illustration, modeling (vocal, keyboard, other instruments), conducting, and verbal imagery?
- 9. Does the student teacher make appropriate use of negative as well as positive examples?

	A3. DEMONSTRATES THE LINK BETWEEN THE CONTENT AND STUDENTS' PAST AND FUTURE LEARNING EXPERIENCES AS WELL AS RELATED SUBJECT AREAS. InTASC 4d
DN	references content to NEITHER the students' past and future learning experiences NOR related subject areas.
DE	references content to EITHER the students' past and future learning experiences OR related subject areas.
M E	references content to BOTH the students' past and future learning experiences AND related subject areas;
EE	ANDreferences content to real world experiences and applications.

- 1. Do warm-ups have a clear purpose? Are the relationships between any warm-ups and the music being performed made clear?
- 2. Does the student teacher take steps to determine the characteristics of the students and the community, including their musical tastes, and plan appropriate instruction?
- 3. Is instruction linked to other areas of the curriculum in a way that benefits both?
- 4. Are examples relevant to the student population?

	5	A4. Culturally Responsive Practice: DEMONSTRATES AN UNDERSTANDING THAT DISCIPLINE CONTENT IS EVOLVING, APPRECIATES MULTIPLE PERSPECTIVES AND RECOGNIZES THE POTENTIAL FOR BIAS. InTASC 4b, 4o, 4p, 4q
DN		presents content without acknowledgement of alternative disciplinary perspectives.
DE		purposefully presents content that acknowledges alternative disciplinary perspectives;
ME		AND identifies the potential of bias in their representation of the content of the discipline and seeks to address it;

EE **AND**... facilitates learners' critical analyses of the multiple perspectives in the discipline.

Questions for Reflection:

- 1. Does the student teacher articulate their own potential bias?
- 2. Does the student teacher identify potential bias when selecting content?
- 3. Does the student teacher address bias in materials and methods in the areas of culture, religion, socio-economic status, etc.?
- 4. Does the student teacher access current standards of learning and ensure alignment?
- 5. Is there diversity in methods that student teacher implements?
- 6. Does the student teacher incorporate diverse artists and genres of music as valuable content?

B. ASSESSMENT OF AND FOR STUDENT LEARNING The student teacher ...

DN= Does Not Meet Expectations, DE=Developing Towards Expectations, ME=Meets Expectations (TARGET), EE=Exceeds Expectations

	B1. SETS ACCEPTABLE, MEASURABLE, AND APPROPRIATE LEARNING OUTCOMES AND ACHIEVEMENT GOALS FOR STUDENT LEARNING. InTASC 6a, 6j, 6k
DN	sets unacceptable, immeasurable, or inappropriate learning outcomes and achievement goals for student learning.
DE	sets acceptable and appropriate learning outcomes and achievement goals for student learning;
ME	ANDsets measurable learning outcomes and achievement goals for student learning AND states these clearly on the lesson plan;
EE	ANDmatches learning outcomes and achievement goals to classroom assessments.

Questions for Reflection:

- 1. Are objectives stated in terms of observable student outcomes?
- 2. Are objectives appropriate to the developmental level of the class?
- 3. Does the student teacher modify assessments appropriately for all learners?
- 4. Does the student teacher provide appropriate accommodations for ESL, 504, Gifted & Talented, and IEP plans?

		B2. USES FORMAL AND INFORMAL ASSESSMENT OF LEARNING OUTCOMES. InTASC 6a, 6j, 6k	
DN		uses inappropriate formal and informal assessments that are not linked to learning outcomes.	
DE		uses appropriate formal and informal assessments that are linked to learning outcomes;	
М	E	ANDcan articulate ways formal and informal assessments should impact future learning activities;	
EE		ANDhas strategies to provide students with effective, descriptive feedback to guide their progress.	

- 1. Can the student teacher articulate the benefits of both informal and formal assessment?
- 2. Does the student teacher plan for a variety of informal assessments such as echoing, improvisation, individual and small group performance, and movement/approximations (e.g. air bowing and sing/finger.)
- 3. Does the student teacher plan for a variety of formal assessments such as check lists, playing/singing tests, written tests and written assignments?
- 4. Are assessments well-constructed, employing rubrics as appropriate?
- 5. Does assessment cover the full range of objectives, or is it narrowly focused on knowledge or group performance?
- 6. How is the plan for assessment aligned with the learning outcomes of the lesson?
- 7. Is the assessment appropriate to the students in the class? What methods are used? How are students of limited English proficiency and students with exceptionalities provided with opportunities to display their knowledge of content?

	B3. CHECKS FOR UNDERSTANDING TO ENHANCE STUDENT LEARNING. InTASC 6e, 6g, 7l
DN	makes few or no attempts to determine student comprehension AND gives students little or no feedback.
DE	monitors student comprehension of content AND provides students with limited feedback.
ME	uses a variety of assessment techniques to monitor comprehension of the content AND provides students with timely meaningful feedback.
EE	ANDanalyzes individual and group comprehension of the content, AND gives all students substantive and specific feedback.

- 1. Is the student teacher able to identify and diagnose performance errors quickly and accurately, both aurally and visually?
- 2. Is feedback encouraging, succinct, specific and honest?
- 3. Does the student teacher check for understanding throughout the lesson?
- 4. Does the student teacher assess both individuals and groups?
- 5. Does the student teacher involve individuals and groups in designing assessment, e.g. developing criteria for performance or composition?
- 6. Does the student teacher recognize culturally specific ways of expressing understanding or confusion?
- 7. Does the student teacher use a variety of means (verbal, nonverbal, written, etc.) and sources (other students, teacher observation, books, self-checking materials, self-assessment, etc.) to assess students' learning?
- 8. Does the student teacher give frequent meaningful, substantive, and specific feedback for all students?
- 9. Does the student teacher adjust instruction while in progress, with attention to the teachable moment?

	B4. SYSTEMATICALLY GATHERS, ANALYZES, AND USES MULTIPLE DATA SOURCES BY STUDENT GROUPS AND INDIVIDUALS TO UNDERSTAND STUDENT LEARNING. InTASC 6e, 6g, 6h,6k, 6l, 6t, 6u
DN	unable to articulate effectiveness of teaching based on student learning data.
DE	able to articulate effectiveness of teaching based on student learning data;
ME	ANDsystematically gathers, analyzes, and uses relevant data to measure learner- or group-specific trends that can inform instruction;
EE	ANDuses disaggregated data to plan appropriate, varied methods and activities to meet the learning outcomes with specific attention to students within gap groups.

Questions for Reflection:

- 1. Does the student teacher identify learner- or group-specific trends within assessment data?
- 2. Does the student teacher utilize multiple relevant data sources to inform instruction?

	B5. Culturally Responsive Practice: ADAPTS ASSESSMENT TO ACCOMMODATE A VARIETY OF STUDENT NEEDS AND EXPERIENCES (WITH ATTENTION TO ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS, STUDENTS WITH EXCEPTIONALITIES, CULTURAL AWARENESS). InTASC 6g, 6h, 6i, 6l, 6p, 6u
DN	does not adapt assessments to accommodate student needs or experiences.
DE	inconsistently attempts to adapt assessments to accommodate student needs and experiences.
ME	consistently adapts assessments to accommodate most student needs and experiences.
EE	thoughtfully anticipates the needs of each student to adapt assessments with a variety of assessment approaches.

Questions for Reflection:

- 1. Does the student teacher collaborate with the cooperative teacher and resource teachers (SPED, ELL, Intervention specialist, etc.) to create/modify assessments?
- 2. Does the student teacher reference ELL/IEP/504 plans in making assessment accommodations?
- 3. Is the student teacher able to scaffold and administer informal assessments to meet the diverse needs of student learners?
- 4. When possible or appropriate, does the student teacher provide modality choices for assessment formatting and students' response (for example, visual, auditory, oral, paper/pencil, technology, proving their answers)?
- 5. Is the student teacher aware of cultural differences and did they modify assessments respectfully and appropriately?

C. INSTRUCTIONAL PLANNING The student teacher...

DN= Does Not Meet Expectations, DE=Developing Towards Expectations, ME=Meets Expectations (TARGET), EE=Exceeds Expectations

	C1. IS FAMILIAR WITH AND USES RELEVANT ASPECTS OF STUDENTS' BACKGROUND, KNOWLEDGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SKILLS. InTASC 2c, 7j, 7n
DN	is unfamiliar with the background, experiences, and skill level of most students in the class.
DE	is familiar with the relevant aspects of the background, knowledge, experience, and skills of most students in the class;
ME	ANDuses relevant aspects of students' background, knowledge, experience, and skills of most students in the class.
EE	demonstrates detailed understanding of the background, experience, and skill level of ALL students in the class AND plans using what they know about learners including developmental levels, prior learning, and interests.

- 1. Does the student teacher demonstrate the ability to assess the aptitudes, backgrounds, knowledge, skills and learning preferences of individuals and plan appropriate instruction?
- 2. Does the student teacher conduct auditions effectively?
- 3. Does the student teacher use relevant information to inform instruction: e.g. instrument selection, repertoire selection, and voice part assignment?
- 4. Does the student teacher communicate with students during instructional and non-instructional time?
- 5. Does the student teacher plan/meet with instructional specialist such as special ed teachers/ESL teachers/aides/school counselors?

	C2. Culturally Responsive Practice: SELECTS CLASSROOM RESOURCES THAT REFLECT CULTURAL INCLUSIVITY AND PLANS FOR DIFFERENTIATED INSTRUCTION TO ADDRESS THE UNIQUE CHARACTERISTICS OF INDIVIDUAL STUDENTS (E.G. TAG/GT, ESL, SPECIAL NEEDS, GENDER, RACE, ETHNICITY). InTASC 1b, 2a, 7b
DN	plans undifferentiated instruction.
DE	plans differentiated instruction to address the unique characteristics of some individuals in the class.
ME	effectively plans differentiated instruction and selects classroom resources that are culturally inclusive to address the unique characteristics of most individuals in the class;
EE	ANDseeks resources from instructional specialists to refine plans to meet learner needs.

Questions for Reflection:

- 1. Does the student teacher intentionally select materials/resources (visuals, texts, etc.) that respect and promote the different cultures within the classroom?
- Does the student teacher incorporate instructional examples that reflect multiple perspectives in the classroom?
- 3. Does the student teacher demonstrate the understanding of the unique needs of the students and plan accordingly?
- 4. Does the student teacher plan instructional strategies to meet student needs?
- 5. Does the student teacher select and plan lessons using diverse media and artists?

	C3. PLANS APPROPRIATE INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES TO MEET THE LEARNING OUTCOMES. InTASC 7a, 7b,7l
DN	plans ineffective methods and activities to meet the learning outcomes.
DE	plans effective methods and activities to meet the learning outcomes;
ME	ANDuses data and plans varied methods and activities to meet the learning outcomes with specific attention to students within gap groups;
EE	ANDuses disaggregated data to plan appropriate, varied methods and activities to meet the learning outcomes with specific attention to students within gap groups.

Questions for Reflection:

- 1. Are methods appropriate to the developmental level of the class and consistent with principles of accepted learning theories?
- 2. Do methods and materials reflect the best current thinking and practice?
- 3. Is repertoire developmentally appropriate, of good musical quality and reflective of a variety of periods, and traditions?
- 4. Are a variety of settings, from individual to whole group, employed?
- 5. Does the instructor anticipate likely performance problems and plan one or more solutions?
- 6. Do lessons as a whole have a coherent structure including a logical opening and conclusion?
- 7. Are the number and order of musical selections and experiences developmentally appropriate?
- 8. Are warm-ups and other preparatory exercises used as appropriate?
- 9. Are review and preview used to link lessons with previous and subsequent lessons?
- 10. Do methods meet all learning styles and levels?
- 11. Does the student teacher consistently plan to use more than one method or strategy during each lesson?
- 12. Does the student teacher have a back-up strategy if needed?

	C4. INTEGRATES INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNOLOGY IN PLANNING. InTASC 7k, 8r
DN	rarely or ineffectively integrates instructional technology in planning.
DE	sometimes effectively integrates instructional technology in planning;
ME	regularly integrates effective instructional technology in planning to meet learning outcomes;
EE	ANDintegrates a variety of instructional technology in planning, AND clearly identifies alternative plans in the event technology fails.

Questions for Reflection:

1. Can the student teacher identify appropriate instructional technology to support learning outcomes?

- 2. Can the student teacher articulate rationale for student and or teacher use of technology?
- 3. Can the student teacher modify and adapt plans based on available technology?
- 4. Does the student teacher have an alternative plan in case the technology malfunctions?

	C5. INTEGRATES ESSENTIAL CONTENT IN PLANNING. InTASC 7g
DN	integrates only non-essential content in planning.
DE	integrates essential content in some planning.
ME	integrates essential content in all planning;
EE	ANDplanning is expanded to elaborate on identified essential content to enhance student learning.

- 1. Does the student teacher accurately analyze the music being taught and identify the key terms, understandings and musical skills the students need to master? Are likely problems identified?
- 2. Are key concepts (e.g. syncopation), skills (e.g. beat competence) or rehearsal themes (e.g. blend) identified in the plan?
- 3. Can the student teacher identify the essential content of the lesson?
- 4. Does the student teacher employ music from a range of cultures and historical periods and place the music in context?

	C6. PLANS TIME REALISTICALLY FOR PACING AND TRANSITIONS FOR CONTENT MASTERY. INTASC 7	
DN	plans time unrealistically for pacing and transitions.	
DE	plans time realistically for pacing; however, transition time is not apparent.	
ME	plans time realistically for pacing AND transitions.	
EE	plans include realistic pacing allowing for content mastery AND meaningful transitions that promote student learning.	

Questions for Reflection:

- 1. Do ensemble directors start and stop the ensemble effectively?
- 2. Are ensemble directors succinct in their comments, maximizing the amount of playing time?
- 3. Is the length of instructional units (number of minutes or measures) appropriate?
- 4. Is there evidence of established routines and procedures that help the student teacher maximize the time available for instruction?

D. LEARNING ENVIRONMENT The student teacher ...

DN= Does Not Meet Expectations, DE=Developing Towards Expectations, ME=Meets Expectations (TARGET), EE=Exceeds Expectations

	D1. ESTABLISHES A SAFE PHYSICAL AND PSYCHOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT for all students. InTASC 3a, 3k
DN	maintains an unsafe physical and psychological environment.
DE	attempts to maintain a safe physical and psychological environment.
ME	effectively creates a safe physical and psychological environment;
EE	AND explains the purpose for these choices to all students.

Questions for Reflection:

DN

- Does the student teacher encourage healthy performance practice and show awareness of possible fatigue and the effect of room conditions on performance?
- 2. Are transitions and activities which involve movement prepared and conducted in a way that will promote students' safety as well as expedite and facilitate instruction?
- 3. Are musical instruments used and stored appropriately?
- 4. How much control does the student teacher have over the physical environment? How does the student teacher adapt instruction when they have limited control?
- 5. Are any safety violations or risks evident?
- 6. To what extent is there a match between the lesson or activity and the furniture or room configuration?
- 7. Is the space arranged so that all students, including those with special needs, have access to the lesson?
- 8. How do physical and psychological factors in the environment reflect the learning that takes place there?
- 9. Can the student teacher describe aspects of the physical environment that contribute to learning?

	D2. ESTABLISHES A CLIMATE OF TRUST AND TEAMWORK. InTASC 3j, 3q	
--	--	--

	ignores evidence that a climate of trust and teamwork is lacking.
DE	by being enthusiastic, fair, caring, and respectful to all students;
ME	AND purposefully creates a climate of trust and teamwork, anchored in affirmation, mutual respect and validation, utilizing culturally responsive practices;
EE	ANDfosters regular student collaboration and models high expectations for all students.

- 1. Does the student teacher attempt to learn students' names as quickly as possible and make effective use of them?
- 2. Is there a supportive environment for individual performances?
- 3. Does the student teacher find an appropriate balance between supporting and challenging the students?
- 4. Is the student teacher fair in interactions with students during the observed class period?
- 5. In what ways does the student teacher help students achieve agency and ownership?
- 6. In what ways does the student teacher help the students feel equally valued in the classroom community?
- 7. Are there patterns of exclusion or over attention in the student-teacher interactions?
- 8. Is the student teacher inappropriately negative in remarks to students?
- 9. How do the student teacher's communication and affect demonstrate enthusiasm (E.g. facial expression, vocal inflection, eye contact, gesticulation and proximity)?
- 10. Does the student teacher foster an environment in which students encourage and treat one other fairly?
- 11. Does the student teacher respond appropriately to stereotyping, culturally insensitive, demeaning, or other unfair comments by students?

	D3. MAINTAINS CONSISTENT STANDARDS FOR POSITIVE CLASSROOM BEHAVIOR. InTASC 3c
DN	ignores students' needs and behavior.
DE	attempts to maintain positive classroom behavior.
ME	responds effectively and consistently to students' needs and behavior AND can explain why the model they are using for positive classroom behavior is effective.
EE	demonstrates the ability to change and adapt classroom management plans based on students' changing needs and behavior AND explain why changes were made.

Questions for Reflection:

- 1. Does the student teacher have a variety of developmentally appropriate strategies for management of the music classroom, e.g. self-regulation?
- 2. Is the student teacher aware of, and making appropriate use of, existing management plans, including those used by the cooperating teacher, classroom or special educators, and building/district policies?
- 3. Does the student teacher motivate students to do their best and contribute to the success of the group?
- 4. Does instruction promote the importance of having a musical experience and developing a love of music as well as musical learning?
- 5. Can the student teacher identify when they have changed classroom management techniques due to changes in students' behavior?
- 6. Does the student teacher demonstrate the ability to problem-solve and implement a behavior management program while continuing with classroom instruction?

	D4. Culturally Responsive Practice: DEMONSTRATES RESPECT FOR AND RESPONSIVENESS TO THE CULTURAL BACKGROUNDS AND DIFFERING PERSPECTIVES OF LEARNERS. InTASC 3f, 3l
DN	infrequently shows awareness of the different cultural backgrounds and differing perspectives of learners in the classroom.
DE	can identify the different cultural backgrounds AND acknowledge cultural and social diversity in all aspects of the learning process, including for gender, race, ethnicity, English Language Learners, and students with exceptionalities;
ME	AND values and fosters classroom environments that create opportunities for access and achievement for the varying cultural backgrounds and differing perspectives of learners in the classroom;
EE	AND incorporates, advocates, and affirms these differences into their teaching and use of content examples.

Questions for Reflection:

- Does the student teacher use Universal Design for Learning to adapt appropriate lesson resources (images, materials, cultural artifacts) instructional methods, and strategies that are compatible with students' backgrounds, ages, and abilities?
- Does the student teacher research appropriate communication methods based on cultural differences and abilities of students?
- 3. Does the student teacher model appreciation, respect, empathy, and understanding for diverse cultures and abilities?

E. INSTRUCTIONAL DELIVERY The student teacher ...

DN= Does Not Meet Expectations, DE=Developing Towards Expectations, ME=Meets Expectations (TARGET), EE=Exceeds Expectations

	E1. PRESENTS PROCEDURES AND OUTCOMES CLEARLY TO STUDENTS AND CHECKS FOR STUDENT UNDERSTANDING. InTASC 8j
DN	presents unclear OR inaccurate information about the learning objectives or the procedures for instructional activities.
DE	provides students with clear, accurate information about the learning objectives and procedures for instructional activities;
ME	ANDensures that all students understand the learning objectives AND can carry out those procedures;
EE	ANDconsistently presents clear procedures and outcomes, AND effectively checks for student understanding.

- 1. Does the student teacher present instructions clearly, including checking to make sure instructions have been understood?
- 2. Does the student teacher make clear why a section is being repeated?
- 3. Does the student teacher clearly convey SOL and IEP goals as appropriate?
- 4. Does the student teacher inform the students of the goals before or during the learning experience?
- 5. Does the student teacher adapt or modify goals of students with special needs?

	E2. PRESENTS CONTENT ACCURATELY AND EFFECTIVELY. InTASC 4a, 4l, 8a, 8h	
DN	uses ineffective strategies when presenting content to students.	
DE	uses effective strategies to present content to students;	
ME	ANDmakes content relevant to students' prior experiences;	
EE	ANDcontinually presents material clearly and explicitly with well-chosen examples.	

Questions for Reflection:

- 1. Does the student teacher sequence content logically?
- 2. Is the student teacher knowledgeable about the voice, including emerging and changing voice, and able to model effectively and help students improve their singing? Is diction accurate?
- 3. Does the student teacher make effective use of piano, guitar, or other classroom instruments?
- 4. Is the student teacher knowledgeable about each instrument in the ensemble and able to model effectively and assist students with their playing?
- 5. Are conducting, modeling, and the presentation of information clear and accurate?
- 6. Are the music and the lesson plan sufficiently internalized by the student teacher to allow them to concentrate on students?
- 7. Are the vocabulary and experiences developmentally appropriate?
- 8. Does instruction employ a variety of sensory modes, e.g. by ear teaching (aural/auditory), large visuals and movement?
- 9. Does the student teacher employ complete correction loops as appropriate, isolating and rehearsing problem spots, putting them back in context and evaluating the results?
- 10. Does the student teacher make judicious use of multiple questioning strategies?
- 11. In lessons that are not teacher-directed, has the student teacher structured the learning environment or process in a way that enables students to understand the content?
- 12. Does the student teacher recognize and use opportunities to help students extend their thinking?
- 13. Does the student teacher challenge students' thinking in ways relevant to their background knowledge and experiences?
- 14. Does the student teacher structure specific learning activities that encourage students to extend their thinking?

	E3. ENGAGES AND MAINTAINS STUDENTS IN ACTIVE LEARNING. InTASC 4b, 4c, 8f, 8g
DN	keeps students passively involved in learning, relying heavily on lectures, textbooks and worksheets.
DE	attempts to keep students actively involved, but some students are disengaged.
ME	keeps students actively involved by adapting instruction in the moment, based on student learning needs;
EE	ANDkeeps all students challenged and highly engaged as active learners and problem solvers.

- 1. Do ensemble directors provide an overview and engage students in preparing for the first reading of a new piece?
- 2. Do ensemble directors distribute their instruction evenly over the sections in their ensemble and employ
 - strategies to keep all sections engaged
- 3. Does the student teacher make judicious use of multiple questioning strategies?
- 4. Does the student teacher encourage the students to identify and solve musical problems?

DN uses technology ineffectively to support student learning.	

DE	provides students with guided practice in using technology to support student learning when appropriate and as available;
ME	ANDengages students in learning experiences with technology that is appropriate and challenging;
EE	ANDcultivates student collaboration and initiative in the use of appropriate technology to support student learning.

- 1. To what extent are students encouraged to use technology in the classroom?
- 2. Does the student teacher appropriately scaffold students' use of technology?
- 3. Does the student teacher invite students to identify and share technology that might be appropriate to support their learning?

	E5. FACILITATES STUDENTS' USE OF HIGHER-LEVEL THINKING SKILLS IN INSTRUCTION. InTASC 8f
DN	instruction includes only lower-level thinking skills (e.g. using only low level questions).
DE	instruction incorporates higher level thinking skills (e.g. problem solving, critical thinking, and analysis), but students still require instruction to apply these techniques.
ME	prepares students to apply existing knowledge in new areas through higher order thinking skills in instructional activities;
EE	ANDassesses their growth and development in use of higher-level thinking skills.

Questions for Reflection:

- 1. Are students treated as musicians? Is the growth of musical independence encouraged?
- 2. Are students given the opportunity to make musical choices to enhance their performances and creations? Do students evaluate their own performance and those of others?
- 3. How are students encouraged to practice higher order thinking (e.g. score marking, alternate fingerings, bowings, interpretive choices)?
- 4. Are students required to practice on their own? Are they given adequate instruction in how to practice?
- 5. Does instruction cover the range of standards, including composition and improvisation?
- 6. Does the student teacher use higher order questioning?

	E6. DIFFERENTIATES INSTRUCTION AND PROVIDES APPROPRIATE ACCOMMODATIONS TO MEET THE NEEDS OF DIVERSE LEARNERS. InTASC 2a, 2b, 8h, 8p
DN	provides undifferentiated instruction for students.
DE	attempts to accommodate student learning needs but with mixed success.
ME	differentiates and scaffolds instruction to accommodate most students' learning needs.
EE	successfully reaches all students by skillfully differentiating and scaffolding, using activities appropriate for a range of learners.

Questions for Reflection:

- 1. Does the student teacher appropriately differentiate strategies and materials?
- 2. Does the student teacher communicate content equitably, e.g. for females and males, students of different ethnic or economic groups, students with exceptionalities, or students of limited English proficiency?
- 3. Does the student teacher use flexible groups to meet the students' needs?

	E7. USES INSTRUCTIONAL AND TRANSITION TIME FOR CONTENT MASTERY. InTASC 4r, 8b	
DN	uses instructional time inappropriately and/or on activities of little instructional value.	
DE	inconsistently uses instructional and transition time effectively.	
ME	consistently uses instructional and transition time effectively for content mastery;	
EE	ANDperforms non-instructional procedures efficiently.	

- 1. Does the instructor know when to leave a task and move on?
- 2. Does the student teacher effectively plan for and manage students as they take turns participating in music activities?
- 3. If a non-instructional interruption occurs, does the student teacher resume instruction efficiently?
- 4. Do all students have meaningful work or activities for the entire instructional time?
- 5. Does the student teacher pace instruction in such a way that students appear to be on task most of the time?
- 6. Does the student teacher handle announcements and paperwork about outside events such as concerts and fund raising effectively?

	E8. Culturally Responsive Practice: TEACHES AND MODELS THE SKILLS TO COMMUNICATE AND ENGAGE WITH DIVERSE GROUPS (based on race, ethnicity, gender, identity, ability, and/or socioeconomic status). InTASC 3f, 3l, 4m, 8k, 8p
DN	communicates and engages in ways that are not responsive or respectful to diverse groups.
DE	models the skills to communicate and engage with diverse groups in a responsive and respectful manner;
ME	AND intentionally teaches students how to communicate and engage with diverse groups;

EE AND...ensure equitable engagement with peers in ways that support the eradication of discrimination and bias while mitigating classroom power imbalances.

Questions for Reflection:

- 1. Does the student teacher implement strategies to engage all students in conversations and feedback?
- 2. Is the student teacher able to identify and capitalize on teachable moments to promote inclusivity and understanding?
- 3. Does the student teacher empower students to advocate for their own personal cultural while also respecting the culture of others?
- 4. Does the student teacher use conflict resolutions strategies to foster a positive classroom environment and prevent power imbalances (i.e. one student dominating conversations, avoiding cliques, and preventing bullying)?
- 5. Does the student teacher model acceptance through respectful interaction and communication?
- 6. Does the student teacher use verbal and written language that is nondiscriminatory and equitable for all?
- 7. Does the student teacher employ flexible grouping consistently?
- 8. Does the student teacher provide ways for and model how students can share their views with each other in a respectful manner?
- 9. Does the student teacher plan for and provide opportunities for varied communication methods?

F. REFLECTION FOR STUDENT ACADEMIC PROGRESS The student teacher ...

DN= Does Not Meet Expectations, DE=Developing Towards Expectations, ME=Meets Expectations (TARGET), EE=Exceeds Expectations

	F1. TAKES RESPONSIBILITY FOR STUDENT LEARNING BY USING ONGOING ANALYSIS AND REFLECTION. InTASC 6c, 6l, 9c, 9g, 9l
DN	puts the responsibility of learning on the student.
DE	acknowledges responsibility for student learning.
ME	takes responsibility for student learning by consistently making changes to plans and practice as a result of analysis and reflection;
EE	ANDsets and implements professional goals to improve student learning.

Questions for Reflection:

- 1. Does the student teacher adjust or modify his or her plans and/or teaching techniques after reflecting on strengths and weaknesses?
- 2. Is the student teacher willing to be self-critical?
- 3. Is the student teacher willing to accept constructive criticism?
- 4. Does the student teacher identify teacher strengths?
- 5. Is the student teacher working toward specific short term or long-term professional goals?

	F2. Culturally Responsive Practice: PROVIDES SPECIFIC EVIDENCE TO DOCUMENT STUDENT LEARNING. InTASC 6a, 6g, 6o, 6t, 9c, 9h
DN	provides unclear evidence to document student learning.
DE	collects and reviews assessment, engagement, behavioral, and attendance data to document student learning;
ME	AND disaggregates, analyzes and interprets the data to document student learning over time with specific attention to those within gap groups;
EE	AND applies differentiated strategies using a variety of assessment data to document student learning and develop interim learning goals.

- 1. Does the student teacher record rehearsals and classroom music performances (audio and video) at different stages to demonstrate progress?
- 2. What documentation is the student teacher able to provide?
- 3. Can the student teacher interpret the documentation?
- 4. Does the student teacher use the documentation to plan future lessons and goals?
- 5. Does the student teacher assess learning by recording grades, charting student progress, maintaining portfolios, and/or participation?
- 6. Does the student teacher use a variety of assessment techniques?
- 7. Does the student teacher select the most appropriate form of assessment?
- 8. Did the student teacher clarify the basis for assessment in clear, defined objectives?

	F3. SEEKS AND USES INFORMATION FROM PROFESSIONAL SOURCES (E.G. COOPERATING TEACHER, COLLEAGUES, AND/OR RESEARCH) TO IMPROVE INSTRUCTION. InTASC 9d, 10e, 10r
DN	relies solely on own knowledge to improve instruction.
DE	seeks information from the cooperating teacher AND attempts to use it to improve instruction.
М	seeks information from professional resources AND uses it to improve instruction.

	E	
EE		seeks information from varied professional resources AND uses it effectively to improve instruction.

- 1. Does the student teacher belong to professional organizations and/or attend relevant workshops and conferences?
- 2. Does the student teacher show initiative in seeking professional resources?
- 3. Can the student teacher describe varied appropriate professional resources?
- 4. Does the student teacher invite others to reflect on his or her teaching?
- 5. Does the student teacher take initiative to talk with and observe other professionals?

G. PROFESSIONALISM The student teacher ...

DN= Does Not Meet Expectations, DE=Developing Towards Expectations, ME=Meets Expectations (TARGET), EE=Exceeds Expectations

	G1. DEMONSTRATES THE EXPECTATIONS OF THE PROFESSION INCLUDING CODES OF ETHICS, PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS OF PRACTICE AND RELEVANT LAW AND POLICY. InTASC 9j, 90
DN	acts in an ethically questionable manner and does not follow federal and state laws and school policies.
DE	inconsistently adheres to ethical codes of conduct and professional standards (attendance, dress, meets deadlines, confidentiality, etc.).
M E	consistently adheres to ethical codes of conduct and professional standards (attendance, dress, meets deadlines, confidentiality, etc.);
EE	ANDintentionally adheres to and can articulate federal and state laws, school policies and ethical guidelines.

Questions for Reflection:

- 1. Does the student teacher exhibit behaviors that interfere with student learning?
- 2. Do the student teacher's professional behaviors actively enhance student learning and the performance of other professional responsibilities?
- 3. Has the student teacher demonstrated ethical and confidential handling of his/her professional responsibilities?
- 4. Can the student teacher identify specific situations that have called for special attention to confidentiality?
- How have they handled these situations?
- 5. Does the student teacher's dress distract students from learning?
- 6. Is the student teacher's dress consistent with school division standards for teachers?
- 7. Does the student teacher's dress allow for appropriate interaction with students?
- 8. Does the student teacher demonstrate discretion regarding social media?

		G2. TAKES INITIATIVE TO GROW AND DEVELOP THROUGH INTERACTIONS THAT ENHANCE PRACTICE AND SUPPORT STUDENT LEARNING. InTASC 9a, 9b, 9d, 9n, 10r
DN		infrequently participates in school-based learning experiences.
DE		takes ownership of professional growth by participating in school-based professional learning experiences;
М	E	ANDpractices the new strategies learned to support student learning;
EE		ANDactively seeks and engages in ongoing professional learning opportunities in order to meet professional goals in support of student learning.

- 1. Does the student teacher assist with and grow in their ability to manage the organizational side of the music program, including such things as the budget, equipment, the music library and travel?
- 2. Does the student teacher take responsibility for, and steps to address, any professional behaviors that interfere with student learning?
- 3. What specific areas of professional strength and areas for professional growth has the student teacher identified? What evidence does the student teacher present to support this assessment?
- 4. Has the student teacher participated in professional growth activities provided by the school, school division, or professional organizations?
- 5. Has the student teacher developed a tentative long-term plan for professional growth?
- 6. Does the student teacher continue to grow as a musician? Do they continue to practice and perform?

	G3. COMMUNICATES EFFECTIVELY THROUGH ORAL AND WRITTEN LANGUAGE WITH ALL STAKEHOLDERS. InTASC 3I, 8h, 10n
DN	frequently makes errors in grammar, usage, and spelling in professional contexts and does not access interpretation and translation services when appropriate.
DE	periodically makes errors in grammar, usage, and spelling in professional contexts.

м	E	speaks and writes professionally and effectively in different environments AND accesses interpretation and translation services as appropriate;
EE		ANDuses multiple methods for communication, including appropriate technology.

- Does the student teacher use the English language appropriately in speech and writing, e.g. with students, parents, and other professionals?
- 2. Is the student teacher aware of cultural and language differences within the class?
- 3. Does the student teacher respond appropriately to those differences?
- 4. Is the student teacher comfortable with students who speak and write differently?

	G4. Culturally Responsive Practice: USES INCLUSIVE COMMUNICATION STRATEGIES (E.G. FOR GENDER, RACE, ETHNICITY, ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS, AND ABILITY). InTASC 20, 9e, 10g, 10q
DN	uses biased language, commits microaggressions, and/or makes no attempt to incorporate or consult colleagues for developing communication strategies to support all stakeholders' needs.
DE	consults with colleagues and specialists about stakeholder communication needs;
M	AND integrates inclusive communication strategies (e.g., intentional use of language) with all stakeholders;
EE	AND reflects on personal biases and seeks resources to enhance their understanding of language, dialects, cultural, social and literacy needs of all stakeholders.

Questions for Reflection:

- 1. Does the student teacher use inclusive communication strategies?
- 2. Does the student teacher seek input from multiple sources to meet students' learning and socioemotional needs (SPED, ELL, Counselors, Speech therapist, etc.)?
- Does the student teacher use modes of communication that ensures all stakeholders are able to access the information?
- 4. How does the student teacher use inclusive communication strategies in professional settings?
- 5. Does the student teacher demonstrate awareness of their responsibility to provide and facilitate inclusive communication for all stakeholders?
- 6. Does the student teacher model positive and respectful attitude regarding inclusive communication practices in informal professional settings?

	G5. BUILDS RELATIONSHIPS AND COLLABORATES WITH FAMILIES, COMMUNITIES, COLLEAGUES, AND OTHER PROFESSIONALS TO PROMOTE LEARNER GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT. InTASC 1c, 10b, 10d, 10e
DN	makes little or no effort to effectively build relationships or collaborate with colleagues, administrators, and families.
DE	attempts to build relationships and collaborate with colleagues, administrators, and families.
ME	collaborates with colleagues, administrators, and families to support the specific learning needs of students;
EE	ANDcommunicates effectively to build strong relationships AND seeks out collaborative relationships with community members and other professionals to promote learner growth and development.

Questions for Reflection:

- 1. Does the student teacher work cooperatively with other teachers, including those in music and the arts?
- 2. Has the student teacher identified or participated in professional growth activities that extend beyond the
- school or school division, or that extend beyond the student teaching experience?
- 3. Can the student teacher articulate ways to collaborate with families and communities?

	G6. Culturally Responsive Practice: ACCESSES RESOURCES TO DEEPEN AN UNDERSTANDING OF CULTURAL, RACIAL, ETHNIC, GENDER AND LEARNING DIFFERENCES TO BUILD STRONGER RELATIONSHIPS AND CREATE MORE RELEVANT LEARNING EXPERIENCES. InTASC 2k, 9e, 9m
DN	demonstrates little or no attention to cultural, racial, ethnic, gender, and learning differences of students.
DE	occasionally uses curricular and instructional resources that represent and reflect the cultural, racial, ethnic, gender, and learning differences of students to build stronger relationships and create more relevant learning experiences.
ME	utilizes curriculum and resources that reflect the diversity of all learners AND consistently demonstrates knowledge of cultural, racial ethnic, gender, and learning differences of students to build stronger relationships and create more relevant learning experiences;
EE	AND incorporates all learners' experiences, backgrounds, cultures, traditions and community into classroom curriculum and instruction AND incorporates diverse groups that are not represented in the classroom or school community.

- 1. Can the student teacher identify appropriate resources that would provide support for situations
- requiring special attention?
- 2. Does the student teacher initiate conversations with the cooperating teacher and other professionals within the building regarding student differences and experiences?